





Inclusive Recreation: Creating a Road Map for Success

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Agenda

- 1. Introductions
- 2. What do we mean by inclusive recreation?
- 3. Legislative Framework
 - a) Ontario Human Rights Code
 - b) AODA (2005) and Accessibility standards
- 4. Municipal Recreation: Common Challenges & Solutions
- 5. Parasport opportunities
- 6. Next Steps

Introductions

- Diane English, Director of Policy & Communications, PRO
- Jennifer McPetrie, Program Supervisor- Camps- Children and Youth, Town of Oakville
- Dave Sora, Co-lead, Academy for Accessible Sports and All Abilities Program, Pickering Soccer
- Tammy Townsend, Supervisor, Recreation, Town of Milton



What do we mean by inclusive recreation?

- Inclusive recreation
 - Fully including persons with disabilities in regular recreation opportunities and facilities
 - Goal is often equitable access
- Adapted/Adaptive recreation
 - Program has been modified to meet the needs of a specific group of participants



Legislative Framework

- Ontario Human Rights Code
- AODA



Ontario Human Rights Code

- Established 1962
- Administered by the Ontario Human Rights
 Commission, the Code is individual, complaints based legislation that addresses discrimination
- Requires organizations to accommodate people with disabilities to the point of undue hardship
- Protects people from discrimination



Discrimination under the Code

- Direct
- Indirect
- Constructive or adverse effect
 - Unintentional
- The code allows for:
 - Different services or charge different fees based on sex, marital status or family status (e.g. family rates for programs; women's only section in gym)

Ontario's Accessibility Laws

Accessibility for
Ontarians with
Disabilities Act, 2005
(AODA)

- Ontario's landmark accessibility law serves as the province's primary legislative authority for accessibility (beyond the OHRC).
- Purpose is to make Ontario accessible by 2025.
- Applies to all organizations with one or more employees in Ontario (public, private and not-for profit), that provide goods, services, or facilities.

Ontarians with Disabilities Act, 2001 (ODA)

- Set the foundation for accessibility in the public sector as Ontario's first accessibility legislation.
- Applied primarily to the Government of Ontario with certain administrative requirements on the broader public sector.

5 Accessibility Standards

Integrated Accessibility Standards Regulation

- Customer Service
- Information and Communications
- Employment
- Transportation
- Design of Public Spaces

share some common requirements

Municipal Recreation: Common Challenges & Solutions



Supply and Demand – both have challenges and opportunities



What issues are we discussing?

- Intake process
- Financial impact
 - Both on the supply and demand side
- Summer camps
 - Lack of options & transitioning from school
- Training
- Aging out
- Benchmarking & Policy
- Customer Experience and Quality



Halton/Peel Inclusion Working Group

- Who we are & why we came together
 - Share best practices
 - Benchmarking service levels
 - Policy consistency
 - Peer support



Intake Process

- Challenges
 - Process to identify right level of support
 - Unidentified participants that require more support than indicated
- Opportunities
 - Engaging external experts
 - Sharing IEP
 - Proactive, early intake process that allows for collaborative, open approach



Popcorn Discussion

- What are the successful elements of a good, inclusive intake process?
- What partnerships have you established for referrals; support?
- What do you do if you cannot accommodate?

Financial Impact

 Financial impact is felt on both supply and demand side

SUPPLY	DEMAND
Staffing costs – more highly-trained staff; cost 1:1 support	May be required to supply/pay support worker
Inconsistency leads to frustration	Different fee structures in different municipalities/organization
Orgs can offer only a few spots	Lack of availability of affordable programs or programs fill up quickly



Popcorn Discussion

 What are some good models for fee structures?

- If you have 1:1 support spots in summer camps – how many children are you serving? Is it enough?
- What are some other sources of funding?

Managing the Transition and Expectations

Challenges

- Managing expectations about service levels
- Demand outweighs supply
- Stressful for staff and for parents



Opportunities

- Use school resources to help
- Hire EAs

Staff Training

- Lots of options
- Opportunities to collaborate regionally
- No minimum training requirements set for inclusion workers



Aging out of Inclusion Services

- Campers age out between 12-15
- Families left with fewer options for teens – up to age 24
- Organizations generally begin adult programming at 21+ years
- Solutions?



Policy/Benchmarking

- We are not the experts
- Sensitive to human rights issues, providing equal opportunities for all
- As a sector, looking for consistency in how we approach providing services in this area without guiding legislation



Everyone Plays

Policy of Supply-Demand

1 Demand side

Absence of, or dated, municipal sport policy with clear direction on inclusion and removal of barriers

Limited or absent direction specifically on inclusion of people with disabilities in municipal Recreation Master Plan

2 Supply side

Unaligned national and provincial sport and parasport policies Absence of council direction, policy and authority

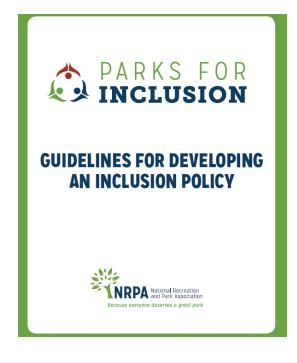
Existing sport or recreational policy lacks specific direction or commitment of resources (e.g., staff training)
Low or unclear City or Divisional priority
Absence of champion, culture shift, training Disconnect between recreation policy and equity policy



What is the one can PRO do?

- What will have the most impact?
 - Policy templates
 - Training
 - Best practices
 - Other







Customer Experience and Quality

- How have we improved as a sector in the past 20 years to be more inclusive in our programming and approach to programs?
- What more can we do?

Quality ParticipationInforming our work

What is quality participation?

Quality participation is achieved when athletes with a disability view their involvement in sport as satisfying and enjoyable, and experience outcomes that they consider important.



cdpp.ca/resources-and-publications/blueprint-building-quality-participation-sport-children-youth-and-adults



PARASPORTS

Sharing and Collaborating



On the Sidelines

Focus on grassroots

 85% of Canadians agree sport participation builds stronger communities (TCF, 2016) but:



- 26% (CWAD) reported being physically active, and:
- 70% CWAD not playing any team sports (GO4KIDDS report card)
- 37% never have taken part in any organized physical activity (2015)
 ParticipAction Report Card, GO4KIDDS)
- less than 30% of children with a moderate or severe disability have ever played a team sport (2015 ParticipAction Report Card) compared to 84%
- 59% of youth with a disability reported that they seldom or never play games with friends (CAASP, 2014)
- 53% CWAD have no friends (Snowdon, 2012)



Parasport

- Two perspectives
 - Community sports (Academy for Accessible Sports)

 Provincial collaborative (Ontario Parasport Collective)

Ontario Parasport Collective

OUR VISION:

 To create and promote equitable, inclusive and quality physical activity and sport experiences for Ontarians with a disability

OUR MISSION:

 As a united group of committed and engaged partners and individuals, acting as a central hub, we will lead, connect and support the alignment of the parasport system in Ontario.

Academy for Accessible Sports

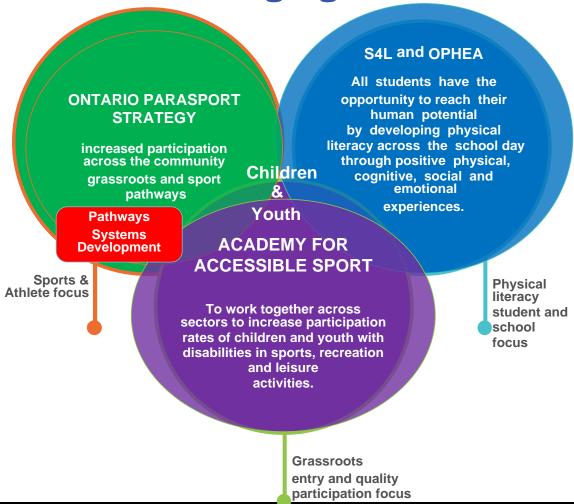
- All Abilities program fun, friends and fitness for kids
 - Program design and delivery (specialized), training, community capacity building
 - 5 18 and 18+ @ 3 sites



- Academy building sector capacity
 - Inclusive innovation Facilitators Guide for sport and recreation, framework for inclusive children's storybooks, inclusive HIGH FIVE Supplementary, AODA Guideline for Soccer, First Involvement and Quality Participation Guideline
 - Research/collaborations
 - Community of practice to Collective Impact

Optimizing success

Working together





We should collaborate!

- Asset maps
- Training coordination
- Begin a dialogue sport and recreation
- Knowledge and Innovation Hub
- Focus on Rural

Sharing starts with knowing

Connecting parents





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